HP101 MIDI IMPLEMENTATION

Version 1.00 Date: Jul.6, 2004

1. Receive Data

■Channel Voice Messages

●Note off

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 8nH
 kkH
 vvH

 9nH
 kkH
 00H

 $\begin{array}{ll} n = MIDI \ channel \ number: & 0H-FH \ (ch.1-ch.16) \\ kk = note \ number: & 00H-7FH \ (0-127) \\ vv = note \ off \ velocity: & 00H-7FH \ (0-127) \\ \end{array}$

* The velocity values of Note Off messages are ignored.

Note on

Status2nd byte3rd byte9nHkkHvvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) kk = note number: 00H-7FH (0-127) vv = note on velocity: 01H-7FH (1-127)

- * Note numbers outside the range of 15-113 are transposed to the nearest octave within this range
- * Transpose function does not affect the recognized note numbers

Control Change

 The value specified by a Control Change message will not be reset even by a Program Change, etc.

OData Entry (Controller number 6, 38)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 06H
 mmH

 BnH
 26H
 IIIH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) mm, ll = the value of the parameter specified by RPN

OVolume (Controller number 7)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 07H
 vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv = Volume: 00H-7FH (0-127), Initial Value = 7FH (127)

 Received volume messages affect received note event levels, and cannot affect internal keyboard notes.

OExpression (Controller number 11)

Status 2nd byte 3rd byte
BnH 0BH vvH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv = Expression: 00H-7FH (0-127), Initial Value = 7FH (127)

* These message can affect only MIDI notes

OHold 1 (Controller number 64)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \underline{Status} & \underline{2nd\ byte} & \underline{3rd\ byte} \\ BnH & 40H & vvH \end{array}$

$$\begin{split} n &= \text{MIDI channel number:} & 0\text{H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)} \\ vv &= \text{Control value:} & 00\text{H-7FH (0-127)} \end{split}$$

* These message can affect only MIDI notes.

OSostenuto (Controller number 66)

Status2nd byte3rd byteBnH42HvvH

n=MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv=Control value: 00H-7FH (0-127) 0-63 = OFF 64-127 = ON

* These message can affect only MIDI notes.

OSoft (Controller number 67)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 43H
 vvH

n=MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) vv=Control value: 00H-7FH (0-127)

* These message can affect only MIDI notes.

OEffect 1 (Reverb Send Level) (Controller number 91)

 $\begin{array}{cc} \underline{Status} & \underline{2nd\ byte} & \underline{3rd\ byte} \\ BnH & 5BH & vvH \end{array}$

n=MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv=Control value: 00H-7FH (0-127) 0-63 = OFF 64-127 = ON

- * Reverb message shall be received as a basic channel.
- * Received reverb messages through basic channel affect all parts and internal keyboard

OEffect 3 (Chorus Send Level) (Controller number 93)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 5DH
 vvH

n=MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv=Control value: 00H-7FH (0-127) 0-63 = OFF 64-127 = ON

- * Received chorus messages through channel 1-16 affect each part individually.
- Received chorus messages through basic channel affect part on the corresponding channel and internal keyboard notes.

ORPN MSB/LSB (Controller number 100, 101)

Status	2nd byte	3rd byte
BnH	65H	mmH
BnH	64H	llH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

mm = upper byte of parameter number specified by RPN (MSB) ll = lower byte of parameter number specified by RPN (LSB)

* The value specified by RPN will not be reset even by messages such as Program Change or Reset All Controller.

RPN

The RPN (Registered Parameter Number) messages are expanded control changes, and each function of an RPN is described by the MIDI Standard.

To use these messages, you must first use RPN MSB and RPN LSB messages to specify the parameter to be controlled, and then use Data Entry messages to specify the value of the specified parameter. Once an RPN parameter has been specified, all Data Entry messages received on that channel will modify the value of that parameter. To prevent accidents, it is recommended that you set RPN Null (RPN Number = 7FH/7FH) when you have finished setting the value of the desired parameter.

On the HP101, RPN can be used to modify the following parameters.

RPN Data entry
MSB LSB MSB LSB Explanation
00H 01H mmH llH Master Fine Tuning

mm, ll: 00 00H - 40 00H - 7F 7FH (-100 - 0 - +99.99 cents),

Initial Value = 40 00H (cent)

7FH 7FH --- --- RPN null

Set condition where RPN and NRPN are unspecified. The data entry messages after set RPN null will be ignored. (No Data entry messages

are required after RPN null).

Settings already made will not change.

mm, ll: ignored

MIDI IMPLEMENTATION

●Program Change

Status 2nd byte CnH ppH

$$\begin{split} n = \text{MIDI channel number:} & \quad 0\text{H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)} \\ pp = \text{Program number:} & \quad 00\text{H..39H (prog.1..prog.58)} \end{split}$$

Received program change message are assigned as follows.

prog.	tone
1	Grand Piano
2	Mellow Piano
3	Electric Piano1
4	Electric Piano2
5	Vibraphone
6	Harpsichord
7	Coupled Harpsichord
8	Church Organ 1
9	Organ Flute
10	Rotary Organ
11	Church Organ 2
12	Slow Strings
13	Strings
14	Choir
15	
16	
17	Grand Piano + Slow Strings
18	Grand Piano + Strings
19	Grand Piano + Choir
20	Mellow Piano + Slow Strings
21	Mellow Piano + Strings
22	Mellow Piano + Choir
23	Electric Piano1 + Slow Strings
24	Electric Piano1 + Strings
25	Electric Piano1 + Choir
26	Electric Piano2 + Slow Strings
27	Electric Piano2 + Strings
28	Electric Piano2 + Choir
29	Vibraphone + Slow Strings
30 31	Vibraphone + Strings
	Vibraphone + Choir
32 33	Harpsichord + Slow Strings
34	Harpsichord + Strings Harpsichord + Choir
35	Coupled Harpsichord
36	Coupled Harpsichord
37	Coupled Harpsichord
38	Church Organ 1 + Slow Strings
39	Church Organ 1 + Strings
40	Church Organ 1 + Choir
41	Organ Flute + Slow Strings
42	Organ Flute + Strings
43	Organ Flute + Choir
44	Rotary Organ + Slow Strings
45	Rotary Organ + Strings
46	Rotary Organ + Choir
47	Church Organ 2 + Slow Strings
48	Church Organ 2 + Strings
49	Church Organ 2 + Choir
50	Slow Strings + Slow Strings
51	Slow Strings + Strings
52	Slow Strings + Choir
53	Strings + Slow Strings
54	Strings + Strings
55	Strings + Choir
56	Choir Strings + Slow Strings
57	Choir Strings + Strings
58	Choir Strings + Choir

- * "A+B" means tones for dual, and "A | B" means tones for split.
- * "---" and any program number other than those listed above are ignored.
- * After a Program Change message is received, the sound will change beginning with the next Note-on. Voices already sounding when the Program Change message was received will not be affected.
- * Received program change messages through channel 1-16 affect each part individually.
- Received program change messages through basic channel affect part on the corresponding channel and internal keyboard notes.

■Channel Mode Messages

● Reset All Controllers (Controller number 121)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 79H
 00H

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

* When this message is received, the following controllers will be set to their reset values.

 Controller
 Reset value

 Expression
 127 (max)

 Hold 1
 0 (off)

 Sostenuto
 0 (off)

 Soft
 0 (off)

●Local Control (Controller number 122)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 7AH
 vvH

n=MIDI channel number: 0H - FH (ch.1 - ch.16)

vv=Value: 00H, 7FH (0, 127) 0=OFF 127=ON

•All Notes Off (Controller number 123)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 7BH
 00H

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

* When All Notes Off is received, all notes on the corresponding channel will be turned off. However if Hold 1 or Sostenuto is ON, the sound will be continued until these are turned off

●OMNI OFF (Controller number 124)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 7CH
 00H

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

* The same processing will be carried out as when All Notes Off is received. *1

●OMNI ON (Controller number 125)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 7DH
 00H

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

* The same processing will be carried out as when All Notes Off is received. *1

●MONO (Controller number 126)

Status 2nd byte 3rd byte
BnH 7EH mmH

 $\begin{aligned} n &= \text{MIDI channel number:} & 0\text{H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)} \\ mm &= \text{mono number:} & 00\text{H-10H (0-16)} \end{aligned}$

 * $\,$ The same processing will be carried out as when All Notes Off is received. $^{\ast}1$

●POLY (Controller number 127)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 7FH
 00H

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

 * $\,$ The same processing will be carried out as when All Notes Off is received. $^{\ast}1$

Note:

* 1 The Mode doesn't change (OMNI OFF, POLY remains).

■System Realtime Message •Active Sensing

FEH

* When Active Sensing is received, the unit will begin monitoring the intervals of all further messages. While monitoring, if the interval between messages exceeds 360 msec, the same processing will be carried out as when All Notes Off and Reset All Controllers are received, and message interval monitoring will be halted.

■System Exclusive Message

 Status
 Data byte
 Status

 F0H
 iiH, ddH,,eeH
 F7H

F0H: System Exclusive Message status

ii = ID number: an ID number (manufacturer ID) to indicate the manufacturer whose

Exclusive message this is. Roland's manufacturer ID is 41H. ID numbers 7EH and 7FH are extensions of the MIDI standard; Universal Non-realtime Messages (7EH) and Universal Realtime Messages

(7FH).

dd,...,ee = data: 00H-7FH (0-127) F7H: EOX (End Of Exclusive)

The System Exclusive Messages received by the HP101 are; Universal Non-realtime System Exclusive messages, and Data Set (DT1).

●Universal Non-realtime System Exclusive Messages

Oldentity Request Message

 Status
 Data byte
 Status

 F0H
 7EH, dev, 06H, 01H
 F7H

Byte Explanation
FOH Exclusive status

7EH ID number (universal non-realtime message)

dev Device ID (dev: UNIT#-1)
06H Sub ID#1 (General Information)
01H Sub ID#2 (Identity Request)
F7H EOX (End Of Exclusive)

- * The "dev" is own device number (UNIT#-1) or 7FH (Broadcast).
- * UNIT# is always the same as the current basic channel.

●Data transmission

HP101 can transmit and receive the various parameters using System Exclusive messages. The exclusive message of HP101 data has a model ID of 1AH, and device ID is defined by MIDI UNIT NUMBER (UNIT#).

UNIT NUMBER (UNIT#) is always the same as the current basic channel.

OData set 1 DT1

This is the message that actually performs data transmission, and is used when you wish to transmit the data.

Status Data byte Status
F0H 41H, dev. 1AH, 12H, aaH, bbH, ddH, sum F7H

 Byte
 Explanation

 F0H
 Exclusive status

 41H
 ID number (Roland)

 dev
 Device ID (dev: UNIT#-1)

 1AH
 Model ID (HP101)

 12H
 Command ID (DT1)

aaH Address MSB: upper byte of the starting address of the transmitted

data

bbH Address LSB: lower byte of the starting address of the transmitted

data

ddH Data: the actual data to be transmitted.

sum Checksum

F7H EOX (End Of Exclusive)

- * If "Data Set 1" is transmitted successively, there must be an interval of at least 40 msec between packets.
- Regarding the address please refer to section 3 (Parameter Address Map).
- * Regarding the checksum please refer to section 4 (Supplementary material).

2. Transmit Data

■Channel Voice Messages

●Note off

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 8nH
 kkH
 40H

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) kk = note number: 0FH-71H (15-113)

Note on

<u>Status</u> <u>2nd byte</u> <u>3rd byte</u> 9nH kkH vvH

$$\begin{split} n &= \text{MIDI channel number:} & \quad 0\text{H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)} \\ kk &= \text{note number:} & \quad 0\text{FH-71H (15-113)} \\ vv &= \text{note on velocity:} & \quad 0\text{1H-7FH (1-127)} \end{split}$$

* Note number's range can be changed with Key Transpose.

●Control Change

OData Entry (Controller number 6, 38)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 06H
 mmH

 BnH
 26H
 IIH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) mm, ll = the value of the parameter specified by RPN

OHold 1 (Controller number 64)

Status 2nd byte 3rd byte BnH 40H vvH

n=MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv=Control value: 00H, 7FH (0, 127) 0=OFF, 127=ON

OSostenuto (Controller number 66)

Status2nd byte3rd byteBnH42HvvH

n=MIDI channel number: 0H - FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv=Control value: 00H, 7FH (0, 127) 0=OFF, 127=ON

OSoft (Controller number 67)

Status 2nd byte 3rd byte
BnH 43H vvH

n=MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv=Control value: 00H, 7FH (0, 127) 0=OFF, 127=ON

OEffect 1 (Reverb Send Level) (Controller number 91)

Status 2nd byte 3rd byte
BnH 5BH vvH

n=MIDI channel number: 0H - FH (ch.1-ch.16)

vv=Control value: 00H, 7FH (0, 127) 0=OFF, 127=ON

OEffect 3 (Chorus Send Level) (Controller number 93)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 5DH
 vvH

 $n \hspace{-0.5mm}=\hspace{-0.5mm} MIDI \hspace{0.5mm} channel \hspace{0.5mm} number \hspace{1.5mm} : 0H \hspace{-0.5mm}-\hspace{-0.5mm} FH \hspace{0.5mm} (ch.1 \hspace{-0.5mm}-\hspace{-0.5mm} ch.16)$

vv=Control value : 00H, 7FH (0, 127) 0=OFF, 127=ON

ORPN MSB/LSB (Controller number 100, 101)

 Status
 2nd byte
 3rd byte

 BnH
 65H
 mmH

 BnH
 64H
 llH

n = MIDI channel number: 0H-FH (ch.1-ch.16) mm = upper byte of parameter number specified by RPN ll = lower byte of parameter number specified by RPN

MIDI IMPLEMENTATION

RPN

HP101 can transmit Master fine tuning (RPN #1) and RPN null. After sending the master fine tune, immediately the RPN Null shall be sent.

RPN Data entry
MSB LSB MSB LSB Explanation
00H 01H mmH llH Master Fine Tuning

mm, ll: 00 00H - 40 00H - 7F 7FH (-100 - 0 - +99.9 cents)

7FH 7FH --- --- RPN null

●Program Change

Status 2nd byte
CnH ppH

$$\begin{split} n = MIDI \ channel \ number: & 0H-FH \ (ch.1-ch.16) \\ pp = Program \ number: & 00H...39H \ (prog. \ 1...58) \end{split}$$

* For the correspondence between Program Change numbers and Tones, please refer to "Program Change" in "1. Receive Data."

■System Realtime Message •Active sensing

Status FEH

* This will be transmitted constantly at intervals of approximately 210 msec.

■System exclusive messages

"Identity Reply" and "Data Set 1 (DT1)" are the only System Exclusive messages transmitted by HP101.

The exclusive message of HP101 data has a model ID of 1AH, and device ID is defined by MIDI UNIT NUMBER (UNIT#).

UNIT NUMBER is always the same as the current basic channel.

●Universal Non-realtime System Exclusive Messages

Status

Oldentity Reply

Status

F0H 7EH, dev, 06H, 02H, 41H, 1AH, 00H, 06H, 06H, F7H
F0H 00H, 01H, 00H, 00H

Byte Explanation

FOH Exclusive status

7EH ID number (universal non-realtime message)
dev Device ID (dev: FUNIT#-1)

06H Sub ID#1 (General Information)

02H Sub ID#2 (Identity Reply)
41H ID number (Roland)
1AH,00H Device family code
06H,06H Device family number code
00H,01H,00H,00H Software revision level
F7H EOX (End of Exclusive)

●Data transmission

OData set 1DT1

 Status
 Data byte
 Status

 F0H
 41H, dev, 1AH, 12H, aaH, bbH, ddH, sum
 F7H

 Byte
 Explanation

 F0H
 Exclusive status

 41H
 ID number (Roland)

 dev
 Device ID (dev: UNIT#-1)

 1AH
 Model ID (HP101)

 12H
 Command ID (DT1)

aaH Address MSB: upper byte of the starting address of the data to be sent bbH Address LSB: lower byte of the starting address of the data to be sent.

ddH Data: the actual data to be sent.

sum Checksum

F7H EOX (End Of Exclusive)

- * Regarding the address please refer to section 3 (Parameter Address Map).
- Regarding the checksum please refer to section 4 (Supplementary material).

3. Parameter Address Map (Model ID = 1AH)

All the numbers of address, size, Data, and Default Value are indicated in 7-bit Hexadecimal-form.

address (H)	data (H)	Description
00 05	00-6b	Temperament Select *3.1
01 01	00-7f	Chorus Type 00H - 0FH : Type 1 10H - 1FH : Type 2 20H - 2FH : Type 3 30H - 3FH : Type 4 40H - 4FH : Type 5 50H - 5FH : Type 6 60H - 70H : Type 7 60H - 7FH : Type 8
01 03	00-7F	Reverb Type 00H - 0FH : Type 1 10H - 1FH : Type 2 20H - 2FH : Type 3 30H - 3FH : Type 4 40H - 4FH : Type 5 50H - 5FH : Type 6 60H - 6FH : Type 7 70H - 7FH : Type 8
01 06	00-7F	Resonance Type 00H - 0FH: Type 1(Off) 10H - 1FH: Type 2 20H - 2FH: Type 3 30H - 3FH: Type 4 40H - 4FH: Type 5 50H - 5FH: Type 6 60H - 6FH: Type 7 70H - 7FH: Type 8
01 0A	00-01	Stretch Tune 00H - 01H
01 0B	00-7f	Dual Balance 00H - 27H : Balance 9-1 28H - 2FH : Balance 8-2 30H - 37H : Balance 7-3 38H - 3FH : Balance 6-4 40H - 47H : Balance 5-5 48H - 4FH : Balance 4-6 50H - 57H : Balance 2-8 60H - 7FH : Balance 2-8 60H - 7FH : Balance 1-9

* 3.1 Temperament Select

tt 0H - 6H: temperament select kkkk 0H - BH: key signature

Temperament change value are assigned as follows:

 st When EQUAL temperament tuning is selected, the key signature change is ignored.

ļ	c c#		E F			
		02 03	04 05	06 07	08 09	0A 0B
JUST (major)	10 11	12 13		16 17	18 19	1A 1B
JUST (minor)	20 21	22 23		26 27	28 29	2A 2B
MEAN TONE	30 31	32 33	34 35	36 37	38 39	3A 3B
WERCKMEISTER			44 45			
			54 55			
PYTHAGOREAN	+ 60 61	++ 62 63	164 65			++ 6A 6B

(numbers are hexa_decimal)

^{*} When Identity Request is received, Identity Reply message will be transmitted.

4. Supplementary material

Channel and Part

HP101 has 16 parts: each channel is 1-16. These channel numbers are fixed. Each part channel can receive program changes individually.

Part	MIDI Receive Channel
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
:	:
:	:
16	16

Basic Channel

The basic channel is determined by the setting of the MIDI transmit channel.

MIDI Transmit Channel	Basic Channel
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
:	:
:	:
16	16

●Decimal and Hexadecimal table

In MIDI documentation, data values and addresses/sizes of exclusive messages etc. are expressed as hexadecimal values for each 7 bits.

The following table shows how these correspond to decimal numbers

+	+	+	+	+	++	+	++
Dec.	Hex.	Dec.	Hex.	Dec.	Hex.	Dec.	Hex.
1 0	ООН	32	20H	64	40H	96	 60н
1	01H	33	21H	65	41H	97	61H
2	02H	34	22H	66	42H	98	62H
3	03H	35	23H	67	43H	99	63H
4	04H	36	24H	68	44H	100	64H
5	05H	37	25H	69	45H	101	65H
6	06H	38	26H	70	46H	102	66H
7	07H	39	27H	71	47H	103	67H
8	08H	40	28H	72	48H	104	68H
9	09н	41	29н	73	49H	105	69H
10	0AH	42	2AH	74	4AH	106	6AH
11	0BH	43	2BH	75	4BH	107	6BH
12	0CH	44	2CH	76	4CH	108	6CH
13	0DH	45	2DH	77	4DH	109	6DH
14	0EH	46	2EH	78	4EH	110	6EH
15	0FH	47	2FH	79	4FH	111	6FH
16	10H	48	30H	80	50H	112	70H
17	11H	49	31H	81	51H	113	71H
18	12H	50	32H	82	52H	114	72H
19	13H	51	33H	83	53H	115	73H
20	14H	52	34H	84	54H	116	74H
21	15H	53	35H	85	55H	117	75H
22	16H	54	36H	86	56H	118	76H
23	17H	55	37H	87	57H	119	77H
24	18H	56	38H	88	58H	120	78H
25	19H	57	39H	89	59H	121	79H
26	1AH	58	3AH	90	5AH	122	7AH
27	1BH	59	3BH	91	5BH	123	7BH
28	1CH	60	3CH	92	5CH	124	7CH
29	1DH	61	3 DH	93	5DH	125	7DH
30	1EH	62	3EH	94	5EH	126	7EH
31	1FH	63	3FH	95	5FH	127	7FH
+	+	+	+	+	++	+	++

- * Decimal values such as MIDI channel and program change are listed as one (1) greater than the values given in the above table.
- * A 7-bit byte can express data in the range of 128 steps. For data where greater precision is required, we must use two or more bytes. For example, two hexadecimal numbers aa bbH expressing two 7-bit bytes would indicate a value of aa x 128 + bb.

What is the decimal expression of 5AH ? From the preceding table, 5AH = 90

What is the decimal expression of the value 12 34H given as hexadecimal for each 7 bits? From the preceding table, since 12H = 18 and 34H = 52 $18 \times 128 + 52 = 2356$

●Examples of actual MIDI messages

92 3E 5E

9n is the Note-on status, and n is the MIDI channel number. Since 2H = 2, 3EH = 62, and 5FH = 95, this is a Note-on message with MIDI CH = 3, note number 62 (note name is D4), and velocity 95.

CE 0C

CnH is the Program Change status, and n is the MIDI channel number. Since EH = 14 and 0CH = 12, this is a Program Change message with MIDI CH = 15, program number 13 (Strings in HP101).

B3 64 00 65 01 06 40 26 00 64 7F 65 7F

BnH is the Control Change status, and n is the MIDI channel number. For Control Changes, the 2nd byte is the control number, and the 3rd byte is the value. In a case in which two or more messages consecutive messages have the same status, MIDI has a provision called "running status" which allows the status byte of the second and following messages to be omitted. Thus, the above messages have the following meaning.

В3	64 00	MIDI ch.4, lower byte of RPN parameter number: 00H
(B3)	65 01	(MIDI ch.4) upper byte of RPN parameter number: 01H
(B3)	06 40	(MIDI ch.4) upper byte of parameter value: 40H
(B3)	26 00	(MIDI ch.4) lower byte of parameter value: 00H
(B3)	64 7F	(MIDI ch.4) lower byte of RPN parameter number: 7FH
(B3)	65 7F	(MIDI ch.4) upper byte of RPN parameter number: 7FH

In other words, the above messages specify a value of $40\ 00H$ for RPN parameter number $00\ 01H$ (Master Fine Tuning) on MIDI channel 4, and then set the RPN parameter number to 7F 7FH (RPN null).

Once the parameter number has been specified for RPN, all Data Entry messages transmitted on that same channel will be valid, so after the desired value has been transmitted, it is a good idea to set the parameter number to 7F 7FH to prevent accidents. This is the reason for the (B3) 64 7F (B3) 65 7F at the end.

Example of an Exclusive message and calculating a Checksum

Roland Exclusive messages (DT1) are transmitted with a checksum at the end (before F7) to make sure that the message was correctly received. The value of the checksum is determined by the address and data of the transmitted exclusive message.

OHow to calculate the checksum (hexadecimal numbers are indicated by 'H')

The checksum is a value derived by adding the address, size and checksum itself and inverting the lower 7 bits. Here's an example of how the checksum is calculated. We will assume that in the exclusive message we are transmitting, the address is aa bb and the data or size is ccH.

```
aa + bb + cc = sum
sum / 128 = quotient ... remainder
128 - remainder = checksum
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Set "Reverb Type" to "Type 4"

According to the Parameter Address Map, the Address of Reverb Type is 01 03H, and the Value corresponding to Type 4 is 30H.

22

F7

So, the message should be:

F0 41 00 1A 12 01 03 30

(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) address data	checksum	(6)

(1) Exclusive Status (2) ID (Roland) (3) Device ID (UNIT#-1) (4) Model ID (HP101) (5) Command ID (DT1) (6) End of Exclusive

* UNIT NUMBER is always the same as the current basic channel.

In this example, the basic channel is 1.

Next we calculate the checksum.

```
01H + 03H + 30H = 1 + 3 + 48 = 52 (sum)
52 (sum) ÷ 128 = 0 (quotient) ... 52 (remainder)
checksum = 128 - 52 (remainder) = 76 = 4CH
```

Therefore, the message to send is: F0 41 00 1A 12 01 03 30 4C F7

MIDI IMPLEMENTATION

About tuning

HP101 is tuned by sending RPN #1 (Master Fine Tuning) to the basic channel. RPN #1 allows tuning to be specified in steps of approximately 0.012 cents (to be precise, 100/8192 cent). One cent is 1/100th of a semi-tone.

Frequently used tuning values are given in the following table for your reference. Values are in hexadecimal (decimal in parentheses).

Hz at A4	cent	RPN #1
445.0	+19.56	4C 43 (+1603)
444.0	+15.67	4A 03 (+1283)
443.0	+11.76	47 44 (+ 964)
442.0	+ 7.85	45 03 (+ 643)
441.0	+ 3.93	42 42 (+ 322)
440.0	0	40 00 (0)
439.0	- 3.94	3D 3D (- 323)
438.0	- 7.89	3A 7A (- 646)

<Example> Set the tuning of HP101 to A4 = 442.0 Hz

Send RPN#1 to basic channel. From the above table, the value is $45\,03H$. If the basic channel is set to ch.1, below is the message we transmit.

B0	64 00	MIDI ch.1, lower byte of RPN parameter number: 00H
(B0)	65 01	(MIDI ch.1) upper byte of RPN parameter number: 01H
(B0)	06 45	(MIDI ch.1) upper byte of parameter value: 45H
(B0)	26 03	(MIDI ch.1) lower byte of parameter value: 03H
(B0)	64 7F	(MIDI ch.1) lower byte of RPN parameter number: 7FH
(B0)	65 7F	(MIDI ch.1) upper byte of RPN parameter number: 7FH