Record • Listen • CD-Burn all in one package!

# Recording Guidebook



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### Recording Guidebook

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## **Features of the CD-2e**

#### All-In-One Unit! Nothing Else Required to Make a CD



- High-quality stereo mic, stereo speaker, and CD-R/RW drive in a slim case.
- No computer is required, from recording to CD burning.
- Light-weight and battery-powered for mobile use. Take it anywhere! \*
  - \* Record and playback on SD card memory only. AC Adaptor (included) is required for CD writing and reading.

#### Easy-To-Use, Simple CD Recording Tool for Anyone!



- As easy to use as a cassette recorder. CD-burning made simple.
- Includes wireless remote controller. Record from any location.
  - Friendly LCD navigation by pressing [EASY GUIDE] button.\*
    - \* Available display languages: English, German, French, Italian, Spanish, and Japanese.

#### A Great Tool for Music Study



- A-B Repeat, Tempo Change, Pitch Change, and more for music lessons.
- Metronome and Tuner for both acoustic & electric instruments.
- CD-quality recording and playback for various educational needs.

## **Meet the CD-2e!**

#### Remote control

You can control recording and playback from a distance. No need to worry that you started recording too soon or too late.

#### **Battery operation**

Six AA alkaline batteries will provide approximately six hours of continuous recording. You can take the CD-2e with you and record anywhere!

\* Battery operation available only for recording/playback with an SD memory card.

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#### SD card slot

You can use an SD memory card for recording and playback, and also edit the recorded data.

\* Cards in a range of capacities, from 64MB up to 8GB, are supported.

**SD memory cards that the CD-2e can use:** Refer to the Roland website for details on the SD memory cards that can be used with the CD-2e. Up-to-date information about cards that are known to work is provided on the website. http://www.Roland.com/



#### Stereo speakers

The CD-2e's sound comes from here. Simply press the [PLAY] button and you can listen immediately to what you've recorded.

#### CD slot

You can record directly to a CD-R/ RW disc, or record selected songs from an SD memory card to a CD-R/RW disc. A CD-R/RW disc you record can easily be turned into a music CD!

\* You'll need the dedicated AC adaptor (included) in order to use the CD drive.

#### Stereo mic

This is where the sound goes into the recorder. The CD-2e features high-performance stereo mics that capture every subtle nuance of your sounds with superb presence.

### POINT

#### **CD-R and CD-RW** Use them as appropriate

Performances you record on a CD-R disc can't be erased, but a CD-RW can be recorded to again and again. Use a CD-R for recordings you want to keep, and a CD-RW for repeated recording.

## **Easy recording in three steps**

#### Insert the CD-R disc into the CD-2e

Into the CD slot located on the right side of the CD-2e, insert a CD-R disc with the writing surface facing downward. You'll be able to record approximately 74 minutes on a 650 MB CD-R disc, and approximately 80 minutes on a 700 MB disc.



# Step 2

Step

### Adjust the level of the internal mics

On the left side of the CD-2e, set the [MIC SELECT] switch to "INT," and use the [MIC] knob to adjust the input level while producing sound with the source you're recording. If you have difficulty adjusting the input level, set the [MIC LEVEL] switch to "AUTO," and the CD-2e will make adjustments automatically.



Step 3

#### **Start recording**

When you've finished making preparations, start recording. Operation is as easy as using a cassette recorder. Press the [REC] button once to enter "recording-standby" mode, and then press the [PLAY] button to start recording. When the performance is finished, press the [STOP] button. The recording process is that simple!



#### POINT

#### To record with the best sound quality

Adjust the input level appropriately for the sound you'll be recording. The peak indicator located above the [MIC] knob should light briefly when the loudest sounds occur. You can also use headphones to listen to the sound that's being input from the internal mics (i.e., the sound being recorded).



### Easily create a CD in three steps

## Check the recording through the onboard speakers

Press the [PLAY] button to listen to the recorded performance. If you're satisfied with the recording, you're done at this point. If you decide to re-record, or if you want to record an additional song, repeat steps 1–3 on the page at left.



### Step 2

Step

#### Complete the process by "finalizing" the CD

"Finalizing" is the process that makes a recorded CD-R/RW disc playable on a conventional CD player. When you press the [EJECT] button, a message asking "Finalize Are You Sure?" will appear. Press the [ENTER] button to carry out the Finalize operation.



Step

#### Your original CD is ready!

Finalization will take approximately two minutes. When the process is completed, the CD will be ejected from the slot on the right side of the CD-2e. Your original CD is ready. Creating a CD is as simple as that.



#### POINT

#### Taking advantage of an SD memory card

The CD-2e lets you record on SD memory cards as well as on CD-R/RW discs. If you use an SD memory card, you'll be able to freely organize and edit the songs. By taking advantage of SD memory cards you can enjoy recording and creating CDs in a variety of ways.





# **Recording a piano**

### Try different locations to capture the sound you want

The sound of a piano comes from the vibration of the entire instrument, including the vibration of the strings after they've been struck by the hammers, and the vibration of the sounding board as it resonates with the string vibrations. In general, emphasizing the sound from the strings will produce greater clarity, while emphasizing the overall resonance will produce greater richness. Moving the mic closer to the instrument will also make the sound brighter, while moving the mic away from the instrument will produce a sound that's richer and more mellow. Try different locations to get the sound you want to record.

### Use the CD-2e for daily practice or to create lesson materials

The CD-2e is a wonderful tool, not only for recording "real" performances, such as recitals, but also for daily practice. For example, you can record yourself practicing and then play it back immediately, so you can more objectively evaluate how you sound. This can help you improve your abilities.

If you're a piano teacher, you can create a "model CD" of your own playing, or give the student a "practice CD." The CD-2e makes it easy to create lesson material.



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### **Recording a brass instrument**

#### **Minimize noise by** avoiding wind pressure

When recording a brass instrument, placing the mics directly in front of the bell may cause noise to appear in the recording. This is a distinctive type of noise produced by the mic due to the pressure of wind blown out of the bell. To avoid this, it's important to place the mics at an appropriate distance for recording. Woodwind instruments played by pressing keys will also allow some sound to escape from the keys themselves. Place the mics slightly to the left or right, rather than directly in front of the instrument.

> 80 -120 inches (2-3 meters)

#### Keep the mics at a distance to minimize breath noise

When recording a brass instrument, you may notice unwanted sounds such as the opening or closing of the keys, or breath sounds. Moving the mics away from the instrument can minimize these sounds. Since brass instruments produce a fairly high volume, you don't need to worry that the level of the instrument itself will be inadequate. On the contrary, keeping the mics at a good distance will let you record the rich resonances of the entire room.

#### Minimize noise by avoiding direct sound

For instruments that have a forwardfacing bell, such as a trumpet, wind pressure may cause noise to occur. Tilt the mics upward or downward to soften the direct sound.



### POINT

#### Use headphones to check the noise level of the room

Be aware of often-unnoticed sources of noise in the room, such as refrigerators or air conditioners. Listen through headphones before you start recording, and turn off sources of noise that can be turned off.



#### Distance the mics to reduce noise

Key noise may be a concern when recording sax or clarinet. If so, aim the mics at the entire instrument and keep them at a distance.

> 40–80 inches 1-2 meters

Use distance to adjust the character of the ensemble Placing the mics at a distance will produce a unified and balanced recording of the entire ensemble. while moving the mics closer will allow the sound of each instrument to be clearly distin-

guished.

## **Recording a string instrument**

### Get a rich sound by allowing distance from the instrument

The distinctive resonance of string instruments such as the violin is created by the combination of the sound of the strings themselves with the resonances of the instrument's body. The point is that you should place the mics where the string and body resonances are well-balanced. Placing the mics 80–120 inches (2–3 meters) from the front of the instrument (for a violin, facing the musician) will produce a well-balanced recording. Once you've become familiar with recording string instruments, you can try varying the distance and height of the mics to obtain other tonal characteristics.

### Emphasize the body or strings to capture your unique tone

If you want a deeper sound, aim the mics at the fholes from which the body resonances escape. On the other hand, if you want to emphasize the scraping of the bow on the strings, position the mics in front of the instrument and move a bit closer. In particular, moving the mics close to the bridge will allow the bow movements to be captured realistically.

#### Emphasize the sound of the strings

If you want to emphasize the sound of the bow on the strings, move the mics close to the bridge. When doing so, adjust the input level to prevent distortion from occurring.

Rounded

Bright

Use distance and

height to adjust the tone

A distance of 40-80 inches (1-2

meters) from the instrument

will produce a bright tone, and a

distance of 120–160 inches (3–4 meters) will produce a rounded, mellow tone. Placing the CD-

2e on a chair to gain some height will give the sound more clarity.

Clear

Mellow

#### Emphasizing the sound of the body

If you want to capture a deep and rich tone, aim the mics at the f-holes, which emit the body resonances.

#### POINT

### Use the internal tuner to check the pitch before recording

The CD-2e contains a built-in chromatic tuner. You can tune to a reference pitch, and there's also a tuning guide that provides a visual indication of the pitch.





## **Recording a wind ensemble**

### In a concert hall, record from the center!

If you're recording from the audience seating of a concert hall, place the mics in the middle of the seating area. The best location is usually in the center, somewhere in the middle third (seen front to back) of the audience seating.

The height is important. Place the mics at the level of your ears when seated. If you don't have a stable platform, use an external mic and mic stand.

### Avoid recording the direct sound in a practice room

In a small room, you may be unable to avoid placing the CD-2e in front of the conductor, but in this scenario, the instruments near the mics will be recorded at an inappropriately high volume. You'll get better results by using an external mic and positioning it in a high location so that the volume balance between all of the instruments will be correct. A useful trick is to place the CD-2e at the height of the conductor's desk, pointing away from the musicians. This may enable you to record the instruments without unduly emphasizing any particular one, so it's worth trying if you have problems with the volume balance.

#### Use height to adjust crispness Use distance to adjust clarity

Placing the mics near the stage will capture a well-defined sound, and moving them away from the stage will capture more reverberation, producing a softer effect. You should start by sitting in the center of the hall and placing the CD-2 eat the level of your ears.

Record the eflected sound

#### Soft

#### In a small room, use an external mic to record from above

By placing the mic up high, you can prevent the sound of specific instruments from entering the mic directly. This will improve the overall balance of the recording.

#### POINT

### Aim the mics toward the center of the stage

If you're recording right next to a wall, aim the mics toward the center of the stage. It's convenient to place the CD-2e on a music stand. (Use an SD memory card for recording.)



# **Recording your band practice**

### The key is to restrain the volume of your PA and amps

When recording your band in a rehearsal studio, the mic input level (p. 6) is crucial. However, if your PA and amps are too loud, lowering the input level may not be enough to avoid distortion. This is because the sound level has already exceeded the capacity of the mics when it enters the mics. Keep the mics at a distance and lower the volume of your PA and amps.

### Use a mic to sing along with your electronic instrument

The CD-2e lets you record simultaneously from the mic input and LINE input. This is a convenient way to record yourself singing while you perform on an electronic musical instrument. Use the [MIC SELECT] switch to choose either the internal mics or external mics, and connect the output of your electronic musical instrument to the [LINE IN] jacks. Use the [MIC] knob to adjust the mic volume, use the [LINE] knob to adjust the volume of the electronic musical instrument, and then start recording.

#### Keep your amp volume down

Lower the output of your amps so that each person can be heard. Adjust your volume balance based on the acoustic sound of the drums.

### Adjust the direction of the amps

If the sound is still distorted even though you've lowered the amp volume, change the angle of your amps so that the direct sound does not reach the mics.

#### POINT

### Change the playback speed for easy learning by ear

The CD-2e lets you play back a song faster or slower than normal. This is a great way to practice rapid phrases or to learn complex passages by ear.





#### Minimize the room resonances and capture the sound of the guitar itself

The acoustic guitar is a familiar instrument that can be conveniently played at home. But when played in a typical room, the sound may resonate excessively, blurring the tonal characteristics or possibly causing specific pitches to be inappropriately accentuated. Try closing the curtains or draping blankets over the backs of chairs to dampen the resonances of the room. On the other hand, a completely dead sound is not desirable either. You can use reverb to add spatial ambience.

### Record a good balance of the strings and body resonance

The enchanting sound of the acoustic guitar is a combination of the rich mid- and low-range body resonances together with the highs produced by the plucked strings. But if the body resonances are excessively emphasized, the result will sound muddy. Place the mic about 20–40 inches (50 cm to 1 meter) away from the guitar to get a well-balanced recording. It's also important to avoid moving the instrument during the performance. If tonal characteristics seem to waver, pay attention to your playing posture.



### Do even more with the CD-2e

#### Use the lesson functions for practicing

Daily practice is essential to progress, and the CD-2e provides various features that can help. Use the builtin Tuner (1) to tune your instrument before you begin practicing. The A-B Repeat feature (2) lets you repeatedly play back a section of music so that you can keep practicing it, and you can use the Slow Play feature (3) to decrease the playback speed without changing the pitch—a great way to learn fast-tempo passages. There's also a Metronome (4) to help your rhythm, and a Pitch Change feature (5) that shifts the playback pitch of a commercial CD or the SD card to match the the tuning of your instrument.



### When you're not sure how to proceed, use the Easy Guide feature

The CD-2e provides an Easy Guide feature that helps you accomplish a goal—simply press the buttons as directed onscreen. If technology isn't your strong point, rely on this helper. Start by pressing the [EASY GUIDE] button, and then select the desired task from the list. Then, just operate the controls as directed by the CD-2e. Easy Guide will walk you through basic operations such as (1) recording, (2) deletion, (3) creating a CD, (4) finalizing a CD, (5) backing up a CD, (6) karaoke, and (7) overdubbing.

<sup>+</sup> For (6) karaoke, the Center Cancel function lets you use a music CD with vocals as a karaoke CD.



Center Cancel

### Turn records or cassette tapes into CDs

Are there any dusty boxes of records or cassette tapes in your closet? They're taking up space, and their sound quality is also gradually deteriorating. Why not transfer your music from old media to CDs for archiving? Just connect your record player or cassette deck to the [LINE IN] jacks located on the left side of the CD-2e, and start recording. If you use the automatic marker function, silences between songs on the record or tape will be detected, and the songs will be numbered accordingly.

\* You may need a phono amp (phono equalizer) when connecting your record player.



### Use your CD-2e with the EDIROL R-09 to capture the sounds of the world on CD!

The EDIROL R-09 is a great way to make outdoor recordings, such as birdsongs, the murmur of a brook, the sounds of nature, trains, vehicle sounds, or sonic memories of your travels. The R-09 uses the same SD memory cards as the CD-2e. After you've made a recording on the R-09, simply move its SD card over to the CD-2e to transfer the audio data without having to use a computer. You can use the CD-2e to edit the recorded data and turn it into a CD. Used in combination, these two recorders will open up new ways for you to enjoy recording.

\* When recording on the R-09, set the recording mode to "WAV 16-bit" and sampling frequency to "44.1 kHz."





#### Accessories

CB-CD2E Carrying Case



DR-30/DR-50 Dynamic Microphone



**ST-100MB** Microphone Stand



Headphones



#### Specifications

	Recorder Part	Input/Output	
Tracks	2 (Stereo)	Frequency Response	20 Hz-20 kHz (+0dB/-2dB)
Sampling Rate	44.1 kHz	Nominal Input Level	EXT MIC Input L/MONO, R Jack: -5114 dBu (maximum -2 dBu)
Signal Processing	AD/DA conversion: 24 bits	(variable)	LINE Input Jacks (L, R): -24- 0 dBu (maximum +12 dBu)
Recording Mode	SD Memory Card: WAV (44.1 kHz, 16 bits)	Nominal Output Level	Line Output Jack: -10 dBu (maximum +2 dBu)
Recording Media	CD-R, CD-RW: Audio CD SD Memory Card (supports 64 MB–8 GB, SDHC format compatible) CD-R, CD-RW	Input Impedance	EXT MIC Input L/MONO, R Jack: 20 k ohms Line Input Jacks (L, R): 9 k ohms
	CD-R or CD-RW disc	Output Impedance	Line Output Jack: 1 k ohms Phones Jack: 22 ohms
	Disc Capacity         650MB         700MB           Recording Time         74         80	Recommended Load Impedance	Line Output Jack: 10 k ohms or greater Phones Jack: 32 ohms
	SD Memory Card	Others	
Recording Time	Card Capacity         512MB         1GB         2GB         4GB         8GB           Recording Time         46         93         190         373         763	Display	16 characters, 2 lines (backlit LCD)
(unit: min)	Recording time 46 93 190 373 763     Each recording time is an approximate estimate including some	Dimensions	267 (W) x 183 (D) x 46 (H) mm 10-9/16 (W) x 7-1/4 (D) x 1-13/16 (H) inches
	errors.  With multiple files, the sum of recording time would be shorter	Weight	1.1 kg 2 lbs 6 oz
	than above. Maximum recording time of one song is 74 minutes.	Power Supply	AC Adaptor (PSB-1U), Dry battery LR6 (AA) type (alkaline) x 6
Recording Songs	Up to 99 songs on a single SD Memory Card, CD-R, or CD-RW		540 mA Expected battery life under continuous use:
Input/Output		Current Draw	Alkaline dry cell batteries: approximately 6 hours
Audio Input	Internal Stereo Microphone EXT MIC Input L/MONO, R Jack: 1/4 inch phone type		<ul> <li>The time may vary according to usage conditions, batteries used, and type of SD memory card used.</li> </ul>
	LINE Input Jacks (L, R): RCA phono type		Owner's Manual, Quick Start, Application Guide,
Audio Output	Internal Stereo Speaker PHONES Jack: Stereo miniature phone type Line Out Jack: Stereo miniature phone type	Accessories	AC Adaptor (PSB-1U), Power Cord, SD Memory Card, CD-R Disc (Blank media), Remote Controller, Battery for Remote Controller (CR2025)

\* 0 dBu = 0.775 V rms

#### SIDE Panel



EXT MIC jacks PHONES jack



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#### **REAR** Panel

POWER switch



LINE OUT jacks AC Adaptor connector



